

ANGOL NYELV
7-8. évfolyamos tanulók számára
2. forduló

Össz.pontszám:	50p	
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A feladatlap kitöltendő:

2023. november 29-én (szerdán) 13.00-15.00 óra között 45-45 perc alatt tantárgyanként, felügyelet mellett!

Postára adás utolsó határideje: november 29-i szerdai postabélyegzővel.

Név:..... **OSZTÁLY (karikázd be!): 7. vagy 8.**

Iskola neve, címe (bélyegző is lehet):
.....

Answer sheet

1. USA / UK 10/_____

1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	

2. 6/_____

1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	

3. 7/_____

1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	

4. 12/_____

1		7	
2		8	
3		9	
4		10	
5		11	
6		12	

5. 15/_____

A		B		C	
1		1		1	
2		2		2	
3		3		3	
4		4		4	
5		5			
		6			

Total: 50 / _____

1. FACTS ABOUT THE UK OR THE USA

Decide which sentences are about the **UK** and which ones are about the **USA**. 10p

1. „In God we trust!” - is the motto of the..... .
2. Killing a swan is illegal in the
3. Death Valley is the hottest place in the..... .
4. Red Lion is a common name for pubs in the
5. The EastEnders is the most- watched TV show in the..... .
6. All horses must possess a passport in the
7. The Gateway Arch is the tallest monument in the..... .
8. The Navajo Nation is the largest tribe in the..... .
9. French was the official language for almost 300 years in the
10. Harvard University was founded in 1636 in the

2. JOKES

Fill the jokes with the correct words. There are three extra words you do not need to use. 6p

virus / pepper / knife / horse / fork / sea / mouse / cell phones / see

1. - Why won't the elephant use the computer?
- He is afraid of the _____.
2. - Why do fish swim in salt water?
- _____ makes them sneeze.
3. - Why did the computer go to the doctor?
- It had a _____.
4. - What do prisoners use to call each other?
- _____.
5. - What is the best thing to put into a pie?
- A _____.
6. - Why are ghosts bad at telling lies?
- Because you can always _____ through them.

3. INTERESTING NOUNS

Circle the correct definitions of the following nouns.

7p

1. An **OUTFIT** is ...
a) a very fit person b) a flying flag c) a set of clothes d) a set of tableware
2. An **OUTBURST** is ...
a) a discount b) an explosion c) a small river d) a solution
3. A **BREAKDOWN** is ...
a) an illness b) a commercial on TV c) a robbery d) an accident
4. A **HANDOUT** is ...
a) second-hand clothes b) a leaflet c) a container d) a traffic jam
5. An **OLD FLAME** is ...
a) a disloyal person b) a former sweetheart c) fever d) a sleeping bag
6. A **CHATTERBOX** is ...
a) an old case b) a container for jewellery c) a person who talks a lot d) a person who sings badly
7. A **WALLFLOWER** is ...
a) a shy person without a partner b) a daisy c) a person who lives in his/her own world d) a garden full of daffodils

4. GRAMMAR TEST

Choose the correct answer from the choice given.

12p

1. What do you usually do in your spare time?
a) I am swimming and reading a lot.
b) I go swimming and do a lot of reading.
c) I have been swimming and reading a lot.
d) I am always reading and swimming.
2. Why do you feel so tired now?
a) We have been working too much recently.
b) We painted our flat.
c) I am being ill, so I am receiving treatment.
d) I have got a flu.

3. I wonder you to make it.
 - a) how long it did take
 - b) how long did it take
 - c) how long it took
 - d) how long took
4. Here you are at last! for you for 35 minutes.
 - a) I have been waiting
 - b) I have waited
 - c) I waited for
 - d) I had been waiting
5. The two troublemakers were expelled school.
 - a) in
 - b) from
 - c) at
 - d) to
6. If you decide very soon, you will end up staying at home.
 - a) won't
 - b) don't
 - c) aren't
 - d) wouldn't
7. , half of the villa had burnt down.
 - a) By the time the firemen arrived
 - b) By the time the firemen had arrived
 - c) When the firemen arrived
 - d) When the firemen had arrived
8. When you him again, you will surely notice the difference in his appearance.
 - a) see
 - b) will see
 - c) are going to see
 - d) are seeing
9. He said he to go to the theatre, as he had seen Hamlet three times.
 - a) didn't want
 - b) doesn't want
 - c) wouldn't
 - d) won't
10. Thank you for the lovely dinner. This roast ...
 - a) is tasting
 - b) has been tasting
 - c) tastes superb
 - d) has superb taste

11. Tom winked her and she knew everything was fine.

- a) for
- b) on
- c) to
- d) at

12. I will take this shirt back and exchange it a smaller one.

- a) on
- b) into
- c) to
- d) for

5. READING COMPREHENSION

A. Use one of the words or phrases below to complete each of these sentences. 5p

turned into / versions / sharing / crafted / on display
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1. Traditionally Highland Games include pipers, dancers and of course the heavy events like tossing the caber. While there is much that is similar across the games, villages and towns hold their own particular _____.

2. A 64-year-old single malt Scotch whisky in a unique crystal decanter has sold for a record price of almost £300,000 at an auction in New York. The decanter, _____ by famous French designer Lalique, holds 1.5l of the rare The Macallan whisky.

3. Today, the museum has been _____ an aid centre. Inside there are volunteers packing clothes, food and medicines for people fleeing the conflict in eastern Ukraine.

4. Before now, said Mr Lu, search engines have struggled to find a way to reveal who a searcher is and what their lifestyle is like. Social networks have changed all that because they are all about linking up with people you know and _____ opinions and information about what you are up to.

5. A copy of Vincent van Gogh's ear grown using genetic material from one of the Dutch artist's relatives has gone _____ at a German museum.

The legend of fairies

(1) Fairies today are the stuff of children's stories, little magical people with wings, often hining with light. Typically pretty and female, like Tinkerbell in Peter Pan, they usually use their magic to do small things and are mostly friendly to humans.

(2) We owe many of our modern ideas about fairies to Shakespeare and stories from the 18th and 19th centuries. Although we can see the origins of fairies as far back as the Ancient Greeks, we can see similar creatures in many cultures. The earliest fairy-like creatures can be found in the Greek idea that trees and rivers had spirits called dryads and nymphs. Some people think these creatures were originally the gods of earlier, pagan religions that worshipped nature. They were replaced by the Greek and Roman gods, and then later by the Christian God, and became smaller, less powerful figures as they lost importance.

(3) Another explanation suggests the origin of fairies is a memory of real people, not spirits. So, for example, when tribes with metal weapons invaded land where people only used stone weapons, some of the people escaped and hid in forests and caves. Further support for this idea is that fairies were thought to be afraid of iron and could not touch it. Living outside of society, the hiding people probably stole food and attacked villages. This might explain why fairies were often described as playing tricks on humans. Hundreds of years ago, people actually believed that fairies stole new babies and replaced them with a 'changeling' – a fairy baby – or that they took new mothers and made them feed fairy babies with their milk. (4) While most people no longer believe in fairies, only a hundred years ago some people were very willing to think they might exist. In 1917, 16-year-old Elsie Wright took two photos of her cousin, nine-year-old Frances Griffiths, sitting with fairies. Some photography experts thought they were fake, while others weren't sure. But Arthur Conan Doyle, the writer of the Sherlock Holmes detective stories, believed they were real. He published the original pictures, and three more the girls took for him, in a magazine called The Strand, in 1920. The girls only admitted the photos were fake years later in 1983, created using pictures of dancers that Elsie copied from a book.

Task 1

B. Are the sentences true or false or is the information not given? 6p

1. Fairies are not usually male.

True False Not given

2. Newer religions changed how people thought of fairies.

True False Not given

3. People used iron to protect themselves from fairies.

True False Not given

4. People thought very good babies were presents from the fairies.

True False Not given

5. Arthur Conan Doyle created some fake photos.

True False Not given

6. Elsie and Frances were surprised Arthur Conan Doyle believed them.

True False Not given

Task 2

C. Circle the best answer.

4p

1. In paragraph 1, the word **they** refers to ...

- a. fairies.
- b. children.
- c. stories.

2. In paragraph 2, the words **these creatures** refer to ...

- a. tree and rivers.
- b. the spirits of trees and rivers.
- c. the Ancient Greek people.

3. In paragraph 3, the words **this idea** refer to ...

- a. the idea that fairies were based on people.
- b. the idea that fairies used metal weapons.
- c. the idea that fairies used stone tools.

4. In paragraph 4, the word **more** refers to ...

- a. the girls.
- b. the photos.
- c. the fairies.