ANGOL NYELV

8. évfolyamos tanulók számára

3. forduló

Össz.pontszám: 35p)
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A döntő időpontja: 2016. január 28. (csütörtök)	
Versenyző neve:	Osztály:
1./A Listen and circle the correct answer, a, b, or c.	
1., What problem does the teacher want to discuss?	
a) A girl copied from Sean	
b) Sean cheated in an exam.	
c) Sean is lazy.	
2., The woman in the pub is	
a) slim with blonde hair.	
b) tall and dark.	
c) short and flat.	
3., Which house are they going to buy?	
a) The cottage.	
b) The detached house.	
c) They haven't decided.	
4., When did Dennis leave school?	
a) 1967	
b) 1971	
c) 1978	
5., When are they going to have lunch?	
a) Thursday 2.00	
b) Thursday 1.00	
c) Tuesday 1.00	

10) a. add

the missing information.	ion between two men	taiking about	a mat share and complete
(1)Bradle	y Road.		
Rent: £ (2)	a month + (3) _	and	bills
Room free from (4)			
(5)	permit costs £	10 a month.	
			5
2.,You are going to read a tex Choose the most appropriate the correct answer in the tab	options (a, b, c or d) to	complete the se	ntences. Write the letter of
world's (0) Have you ever wondered h from the It comes from South A	loved foods. ow it (1) Aztec word xocoatl, (America, a large par	its national its n	ins, chocolate is one of the time? The word chocolate (2) means 'bitter water'. he Spanish conquered (4) originally a
drink made of cocoa	beans and spices.	Vanilla, chill	lies and rose petals (6)
they considered it to be a they (9)	drink which was unfit a way to make it inds. Come and taste to	tastier by (10) he recipe your	much that animals. Luckily, sugar, self at the Aztek exhibition ondon until 19th June.
 a. most a. is got a. comes a. who 	b. was gotb. arrivesb. what	c. gotc. appearsc. whom	d. has d. reaches d. which
4) a. at5) a. has been6) a. was often added7) a. as	b. onb. wasb. were often addedb. so	c. inc. was beingc. often addedc. too	d. to d. had been d. are often being added d. very
8) a. for9) a. are found	b. in b. were found	c. by c. will find	d. from d. found

c. adding

b. to add

10	

d. having added

3. Choose from the words below to fill in the blanks to make proverbs:

beauty, pound, good, chick	kens, spice, bird, dog, stone	
1	is only skin deep	
2. Don't count your	before they are hatched	
3. The early	catches the worm	
4. No news is	news	
5. In for a penny, in for a		
6. A rolling	gathers no moss	
7. Variety is the	of life	

4. Read the text about brown bears. Decide if the statements after the text is True (T), False (F) or we Do not Know (DK) because the text does not say. Write the correct letter on the line.

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BROWN BEARS

When you hear the word bear, the picture that usually comes to mind is that of the brown bear. This is probably not so surprising as the brown bear is to be found in almost every region of the world from North America to Russia. They live in forests and mountain regions. In North America bears that live in interior areas are called grizzlies, whereas those in costal areas are called brown bears. However, they are the same species.

Brown bears are usually dark brown in colour, but they can vary from a light cream colour to almost black. If the tips of the fur are white, they give the bear a grizzled appearance. That's how the grizzly bear got its name. Brown bears have a hump above their shoulders and long claws. Their front claws are nearly 11 cm long! Brown bears can weigh from 140 to 390 kilos. They are at their heaviest in autumn just before hibernation – their winter sleep. Over the course of winter they may lose a third or more of their body weight.

Like humans and various other mammals, brown bears are omnivorous. They eat a mixed diet or fruit, plants or roots, insects, fish and small animals. They have also been known to attack large animals such as deer. Coastal bears eat a lot of salmon and rich coastal food – that's why their fur is darker than that of inland bears.

Unlike humans, however, brown bears are generally loners, that is apart from mothers with cubs. They are very territorial, in other words, they have an area which they regard as their own. The males have a larger area which overlaps the smaller areas of several females. Their territories are often close to their food supplies, for example, places where lots of berries grow or even town rubbish dumps.

Nyíregyházi Evangélikus Kossuth Lajos Gimnázium

Brown bears are not as rare as the giant panda or the mountain gorilla and aren't protected to the same extent, either. But they are in need of protection. Two of the threats facing the brown bear are the farmers who hunt them, as they believe they are a threat to their livestock, and even worse the poachers who kill them for their skin, teeth, claws and internal organs. These are used in some alternative forms of medicine. Let's hope something more will be done to protect this cuddly-looking member of the animal kingdom.

1. Brown bears can be seen in almost every part of the world
2. Brown bears and grizzlies are two different species of bear that live in North America
3. Brown bears are more aggressive than grizzlies
4. When brown bears hibernate, they lose lots of weight
5. Although bears are omnivorous, their favourite food is salmon
6. Brown bears are very sociable
7. Pandas are more at risk of extinction than brown bears
8. Poachers make lots of money from selling body parts of bears

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